Jaimie Caruana – General Manager Bank for International Settlements (BIS) Centralbahnplatz 2 CH-4002 Basel, Switzerland Issued Publicly: Served Directly:

Affidavit of Obligation

Commercial Lien by Force of International Admiralty & Common Law

Lien Claimants:

Neil Keenan:	Lien Claimant as Settlor for Global Accounts
Keith Scott:	Lien Claimant as Settlor for Global Accounts
Via Notary Acceptor:	Len Kaine, Golden Rule Society, Inc PO Box 711, Coronado, California, 92178-0711 United Sates of America.
Lien Debtors:	
Jaimie Caruana:	Lien Debtor DBA (Doing Business As): "General Manager of Bank for International Settlements" Centralbahnplatz 2, CH-4002 Basel, Switzerland.
Hervé Hannoun:	Lien Debtor DBA (Doing Business As): "Deputy General Manager of BIS" Centralbahnplatz 2, CH-4002 Basel, Switzerland.
"John Doe" Parties:	Lien Debtors Individuals 1-1000 T.B.D. (To Be Determined)

Ledgering and True Bill:

The ledger for this True Bill is based upon Notes and/or Bonds that were caused to be issued by Central Banks, and were ACCEPTED FOR VALUE in good faith by Lien Claimant. Lien Claimant requires they be RETURNED FOR VALUE.

It has been the responsibility of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) to ensure their member Central Banks made proper payment to the Lien Claimants. Instead, since 1930, all lease payments as promised have been issued in paper form of Bank notes and Bonds, which Lien Debtor has failed to honor since 1930.

Further the ledger for this True Bill is based on losses and damages to the Lien Claimants, including exemplary and punitive damages caused by collusion and conspiracy of the Bank for International Settlements -- who have conspired and colluded with other Lien Debtors.

Claim for resulting damages and losses, payable in substantive value:

Fifty Trillion US Dollars (\$50,000,000,000,000 USD)

Demand is now made, without prejudice to future and further claims by Lien Claimants, for Lien Debtors, jointly and severally, to deliver over to Lien Claimants full payment thereof in value of substance.

Surety Collectable in Satisfaction of Claim:

Any and all accounts, bonds, securities, profits, proceeds, fixtures, assets owned / managed by the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) at any location, and /or at any Banks under control of Bank of Japan.

Context & Basis in Fundamental Doctrines:

(This is a verified plain statement of natural fact)

All men and women know that the foundation of law and commerce exists in the telling of the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

Truth, as a valid statement of reality, is sovereign in commerce.

An unrebutted affidavit stands as truth in commerce.

An unrebutted affidavit is acted upon as the judgment in commerce.

Guaranteed—All men shall have a remedy by the due course of law. If a remedy does not exist, or if the existing remedy has been subverted, then one may create a remedy for themselves – and endow it with credibility by expressing it in their affidavit.

(Ignorance of the law might be an excuse, but it is not a valid reason for the commission of a crime when the law is easily and readily available to anyone making a reasonable effort to study the law.)

All corporate government is based upon Commercial Affidavits, Commercial Contracts,

Commercial Liens and Commercial Distresses. Hence, governments cannot exercise the power to expunge commercial processes.

The Legitimate Political Power of a corporate entity is absolutely dependent upon its possession of Commercial Bonds against Public Hazard.

No Bond means no responsibility, means no power of Official signature, means no real corporate political power, and means no privilege to operate statutes as the corporate vehicle.

The Corporate Legal Power is secondary to Commercial Guarantors. Case law is not a responsible substitute for a Bond.

Municipal corporations, which include cities, counties, states and national governments, have no commercial reality without bonding of the entity, its vehicle (statutes), and its effects (the execution of its rulings).

In commerce, it is a felony for the Officer of a Political/Public Office to not receive and report a Claim to its Bonding Company -- and it is a felony for the agent of a Bonding Company to not pay the Claim.

If a Bonding Company does not get a malfeasant public official prosecuted for criminal malpractice within sixty (60) days, then it must pay the full face value of a defaulted Lien process (at 90 days.)

Except for a Jury, it is also a fatal offense for any person, even a Judge, to impair or to expunge, without a Counter-Affidavit, any Affidavit or any commercial process based upon an Affidavit.

Judicial non-jury commercial judgments and orders originate from a limited liability entity called a municipal corporation – hence must be reinforced by a Commercial Affidavit and a Commercial Liability Bond.

A foreclosure by a summary judgment (non-jury) without a commercial bond is a violation of commercial law.

Governments cannot make unbonded rulings or statutes which control commerce, freeenterprise citizens, or sole proprietorships without suspending commerce by a general declaration of martial law.

It is tax fraud to use Courts to settle a dispute/controversy which could be settled peacefully, outside of or without the Court.

An official (officer of the court, policeman, etc.) must demonstrate that he/she is individually bonded in order to use a summary process.

An official who impairs, debauches, voids or abridges an obligation of contract, or the effect of a commercial lien without proper cause, becomes a lien debtor -- and his/her property becomes forfeited as the pledge to secure the lien. Pound breach (breach of impoundment) and rescue is a felony.

It is against the law for a Judge to summarily remove, dismiss, dissolve or diminish a Commercial Lien. Only the Lien Claimant or a Jury can dissolve a commercial lien.

Notice to agent is notice to principal; notice to principal is notice to agent.

PUBLIC HAZARD BONDING OF CORPORATE AGENTS: All officials are required by federal, state, and municipal law to provide the name, address and telephone number of their public hazard and malpractice bonding company, the policy number of the bond, and, if required, a copy of the policy describing the bonding coverage of their specific job performance.

Failure to provide this information constitutes corporate and limited liability insurance fraud (e.g. 15 USC), and is prim-a-facie evidence and grounds to impose a lien upon the official, personally, to secure their public oath and service of office.

Allegations & Proof by Force of Law:

By force of international Admiralty and Common Law, the following Allegations are AFFIRMED and thus Proven, in the event of Failure / Refusal of Response by a personally signed and certified written Answer to each and every point, demonstrating specifically described and verifiable facts to the contrary. Such proper Answer must be given to the Affiants of this Affidavit <u>within 15 calendar days</u>, or else the following Allegations are PROVEN and resulting Obligations immediately enforceable:

1. The amount of gold under lease contract to the Federal Reserve System through the Bank for International Settlements is 2,420,937,400 kilograms.

2. The lease payments on this gold is payable at the rate of 4% per annum. The total owed, starting in 1961 through 2012, is 4,638,791,996 kilograms of pure gold.

3. Proof of the Federal Reserve Obligation is in the form of Federal Reserve Bonds, series of 1928 and series of 1934, which have been issued at various times between 1934 and 2012.

4. Proof of the interest obligation is further demonstrated by the issue of international currencies that have been issued to the Holders of the Gold Accounts, but against the Federal Reserve Bonds.

These international currencies, by virtue of a criminal conspiracy devised by Central Banks that are members of the Bank for International Settlements, have been blocked to prevent the Lien Claimant from recovering leasing payments owed from the gold they committed into the Bank for International Settlements -- which is the Central Bank for the Central Banking System.

5. The gold was acquired through a time when gold coin and gold bullion could not be privately owned, and had to be surrendered to the State.

The States then combined the gold into an international gold pool, to be used by Ministries of Finance in each country on an equitable basis -- thus ensuring a greater probability of peace and security within the world, and greater economic stability.

However, instead of the gold being used as per agreements between the Nations, the Bank for International Settlements has conspired with Central banks and Commercial banks to use these assets outside legal authority -- and contrary to law.

6. The World States (as per 8 below) combined the bullion into a single, central deposit, whereby all countries would have equitable access through their Ministries of Finance, not their Central Banks.

7. The gold registered in the Bank for International Settlements is actually owned by Governments deposited by the Amanah members (The Mandates) on behalf of the combined Ministries of Finance, but is available to Central Banks for underwriting purposes, subject to approval of the Owners through the Lien Claimant.

8. In 1948, under UN Resolution MISA 81704, Operation Heavy Freedom, President Soekarno was appointed as M1, (Monetary Controller), and the entire centralized system was put under his disposal as Trustee.

9. The bullion is deposited into the centralized system by a group of Trustees appointed by Soekarno. These Trustees formed an association of Trustees now known as the Amanah, otherwise known as the Mandates.

10. The Mandates have assigned their authority over the accounts to Neil F. Keenan and Keith F. Scott.

11. The owners of the gold and other assets leased to the Federal Reserve System / Central banks between 1928 and 1968, at a 4% per annum rental fee, have never received substantive payment since 1928 until today.

They have been constantly tricked and deceived by Central Banks, who have the obligation to pay for the leases of the gold back to the Ministries of Finance through the Amanah.

12. All persons from several organizations of persons who consider themselves to be the global elite have illegally used these assets, making fortunes for themselves or otherwise benefitting from the illegal use of these accounts.

This illegal use of the gold has been extensive, and very damaging to Lien Claimant. This damage was caused by the Lien Debtor, who engaged in many conspiracies to allow and even assist in cheating the Lien Claimant.

13. The Federal Reserve System/ Bank for International Settlements are part of the privately owned Central Banking system. All debts of that private banking system, beyond the value held in gold, is the obligation of that Central Banking System only -- and is not a debt obligation of the people of the United States of America.

14. The Bank of England / City of London / House of Rothschild are the primary owners and controllers of the Federal Reserve System, who act as the actual principals of the Banks that own the Bank for International Settlements.

15. The New York Federal Reserve, for all practical purposes, is the lynch-pin by which the Bank of England, together with its partners -- the Rothschild Banks of London and Berlin; Lazard Brothers Banks of Paris; Israel Moses Seif Banks of Italy; Warburg Bank of Hamburg and Amsterdam; Kuhn, Loeb Bank of New York; Chase Manhattan; and Goldman, Sachs of New York -- provides an international mechanism by which the international bankers execute their plans of Global Domination.

The Bank for International Settlements is an integral part of this conspiracy.

16. The Owners, Shareholders, Directors/Executive Officers and Bonding Companies of the Bank for International Settlements are deemed lien debtors, collectively and severally.

17. The Bank for International Settlements has tolerated, allowed and participated in malfeasance and the abuse of Lien Claimants, resulting in over 50 years of accumulated losses to Lien Claimant.

18. For gold leased through the Bank for International Settlements, Central Banks have caused to be printed and issued Bank Notes and Bonds, which were given as evidence of the debt obligations of these Banks. These Notes and Bonds were accepted for value in good faith by the Lien Claimant, to be returned to issuing banks for settlement and closure.

19. The Bank For International Settlements member Central Banks have failed to redeem for value any of these Bank Notes and or Bonds that are due and payable in substance on presentment.

20. The Lien Claimant requires satisfaction and payment of damages from Bank for International Settlements, who have helped orchestrate and participate in innumerable detrimental acts against the accounts of the Lien Claimant.

Certifications Signed by Hand & Seal:

I, Neil Francis Keenan, certify on my own unlimited commercial liability that I have read the above Affidavit of Obligation and do know the contents to be true, correct, complete and not misleading, the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, and do believe that the above described acts have been committed contrary to law (i.e. 18 USC 4 misprision of felony).

Lien Claimant as Settlor: Neil Francis Keenan

On this date, the 26th day of April, 2012, we, the undersigned, witnessed the affixing the above signature by Neil Francis Keenan in our presence, and he attested to the truth of this affidavit. (Signed at Plovdiv, Bulgaria.)

Witness 4.4 Frank F. Amadeo Passport No.: 096682217

Stanley Hoop Passport No.: NPK2J66P0

I, Keith Francis Scott, certify on my own full commercial liability that I have read the above affidavit and do know the contents to be true, correct, complete, and not misleading, the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, and do believe that the above described acts have been committed contrary to law (i.e. 18 USC 4 misprision of felony).

Keith Francis Scott

On this date, April 17, 2012, we, the undersigned, witnessed the affixing the above signature by Keith Francis Scott in our presence -- and he attested to the truth of this affidavit. (Signed at Jakarta, Indonesia.)

Witness 1: **Martha Wibawa** Passport No.: A 1059331

Witness 2: Rachmat Mulyadi Passport No.: A1059329